# **BMES CELL TEAM**

CAD OFFICE HOURS



## OUTLINE

## Autodesk Fusion 360

- Basic Setup
- Some Useful Commands

## OnShape

- Basic Setup
- Working with Multiple Designers
- Questions / Help with Design



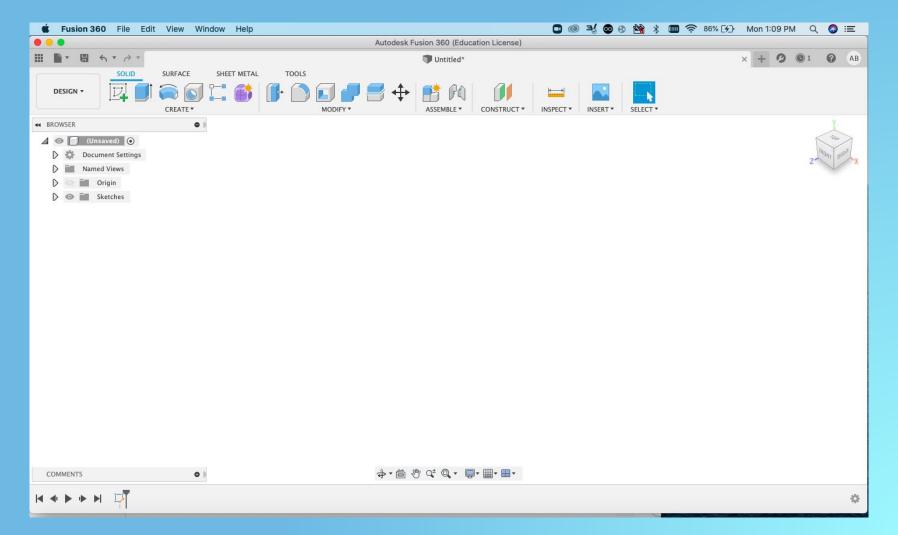
# FUSION 360 VERSUS ONSHAPE

- Commonly used at UCLA
- Translates to other Autodesk software
- Free for **Students** 
  - Compatible with Mac and PC
- Allows multiple users to design in the same project folder Completely
- online

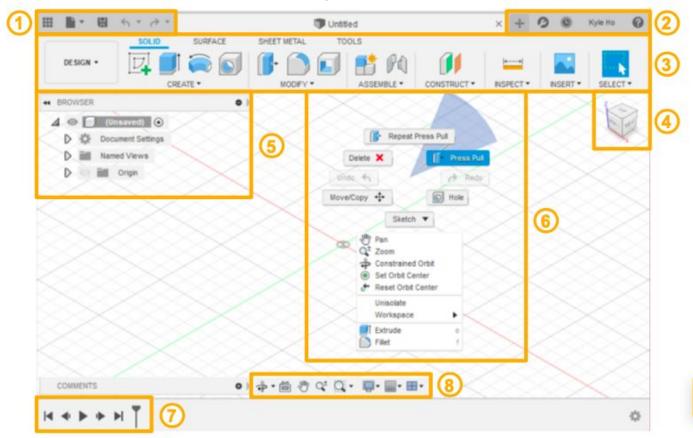
# **HOW TO GET THE SOFTWARE**

- Autodesk Fusion 360
  - https://www.autodesk.com/education/edu-soft
    ware/overview?sorting=featured&page=1&filter
    s=individual&search=FUSION
  - Make an account with your student email and download Fusion 360 for your OS
- OnShape
  - https://www.onshape.com/en/products/free
  - Click "Get Started" to make an account

# FUSION 360 BASICS



### The UI can be broken up into 8 different sections:







### Application bar

The Application bar is where you'll find and use the following:

Data Panel – Used for data management and collaboration.
File – Create a New Design, Save, Export, and 3D Print.
Save – Save an untitled design or save the changes to a design as a new version.
Undo/redo – Undo/redo operations.





In profile you can control your profile and account settings, or use the help menu to continue your learning or get help in troubleshooting.

Profile - In your profile you can access your own personal settings.

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**Help** – In the help menu you can access online learning content, help, forums, step-by-step tutorials, or link to community content.

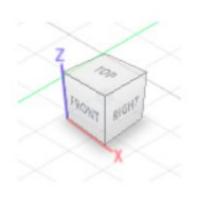


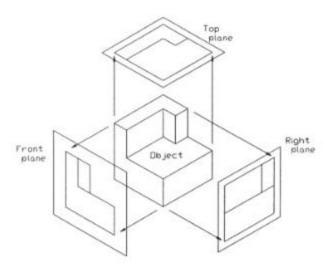


### Toolbar

Use the Tool bar to select the workspace you want to work in, and the tool you want to use in the workspace selected.

SCULPT	The Sculpt workspace is used to create organic shapes by manipulating faces, edges, and vertices.	CAM	The CAM workspace is used to create and simulate tool-paths then generate g code for subtractive manufacturing.
MODEL	The Model workspace is used to create solids with hard edges and flat faces.	AMBIATION	The Animation workspace is used for to create exploded views of an assembly and control over unique animations of parts and assemblies.
PATCH	The Patch workspace is used to create open surfaces to stitch into solid bodies.		The Drawing workspace is used to generate 2D manufacturing drawings.
RENDER	The Render workspace is used to set up the environment and create photo-realistic renderings.		

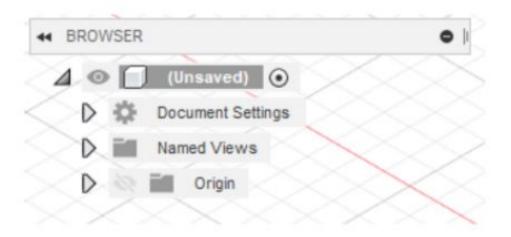






### ViewCube

Use the ViewCube to orbit your design or view the design from standard view positions.



### Browser

The browser lists objects in your design. Use the browser to make changes to objects and control visibility of objects.



### Canvas and marking menu

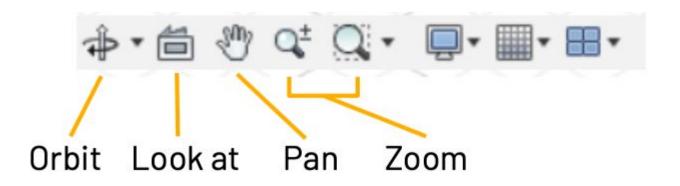
Left click to select objects in the canvas. Right-click to access the marking menu. The marking menu contains frequently used commands in the wheel and all commands in the overflow menu.



### Timeline



The timeline lists operations performed on your design. Right-click operations in the timeline to make changes. Drag operations to change the order they are calculated.



## Navigation bar and display settings



The navigation bar contains commands used to zoom, pan, and orbit your design. The display settings control the appearance of the interface and how designs are displayed in canvas.

# There are three ways to manipulate the view of your design:

1. Navigation bar



2. ViewCube



3. Middle mouse button



### Mouse

Use mouse shortcuts to zoom in/out, pan the view, and orbit the view.



Scroll middle mouse button to zoom in or zoom out.

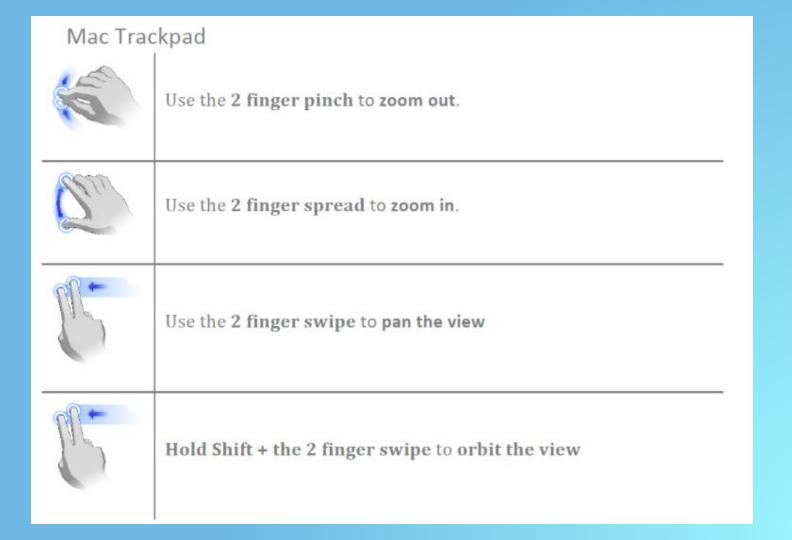


Click and hold middle mouse button to pan the view.





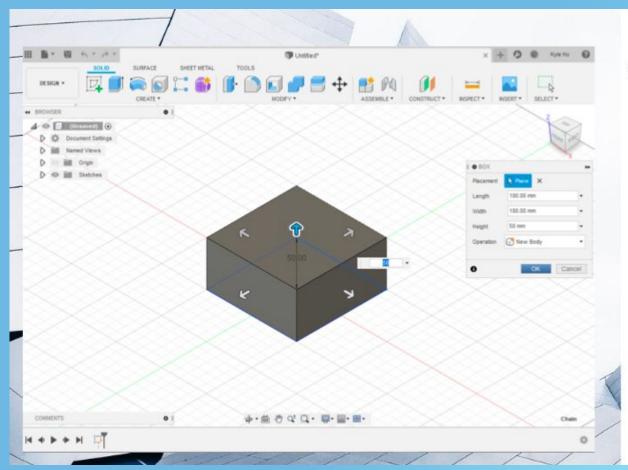
Shift Key + middle mouse button to orbit the view.



# FUSION 360 WALKTHROUGH

## **COMMANDS WE WILL GO OVER**

- Box (can also be done with Extrude)
- Hole (can also be done with Extruded Cut)
- Press Pull (can also be done with Filet)



#### Step 1: Create a box

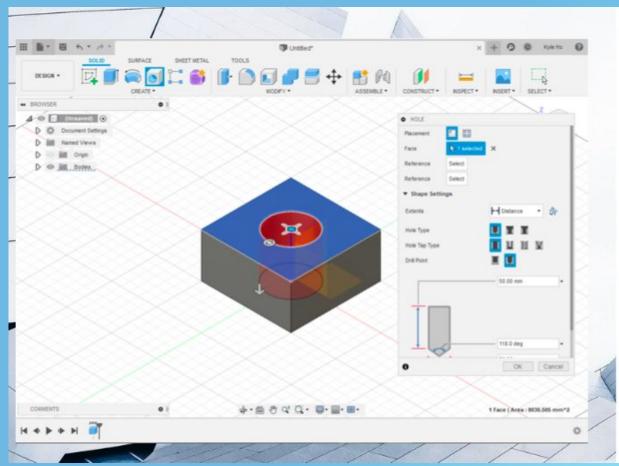
- Click Model > Create > Box to start the box command
- Select the XY plane along the bottom of the canvas
- Pick two points to define the length and width of the box.
- In the box dialogue, use:

Length: 100 mm Width: 100 mm

Height: 50 mm

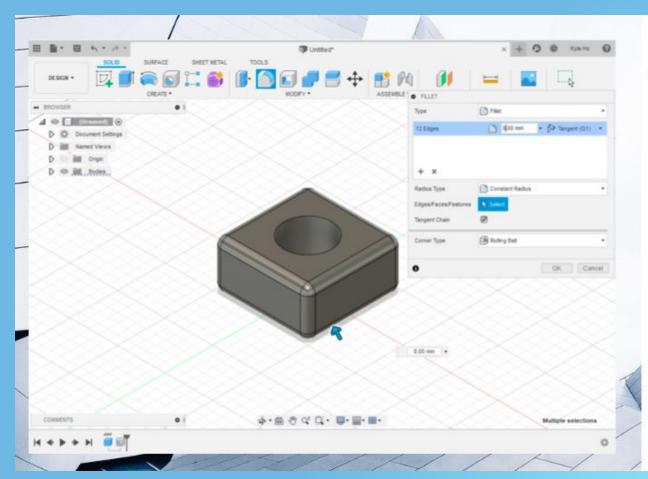
Height: 50 mm

5. Click OK.



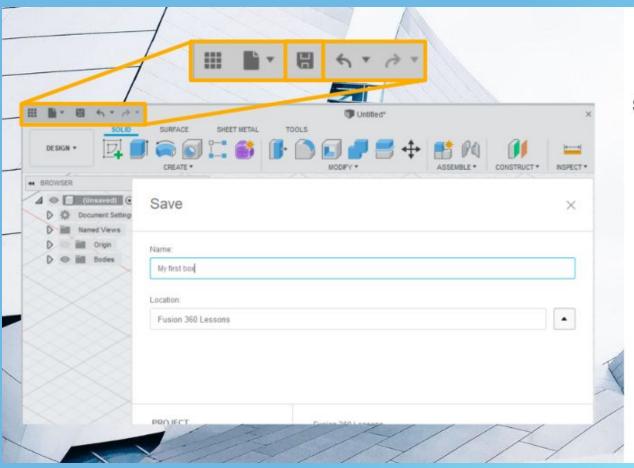
#### Step 2: Add a hole to the box

- Click Model > Create > Hole to start the hole command
- Select the top face of the box.
- Snap the hole to the centre of the box by dragging it.
- Set the diameter to 50 mm
- 5. Change Extents to All
- 6. Click OK.



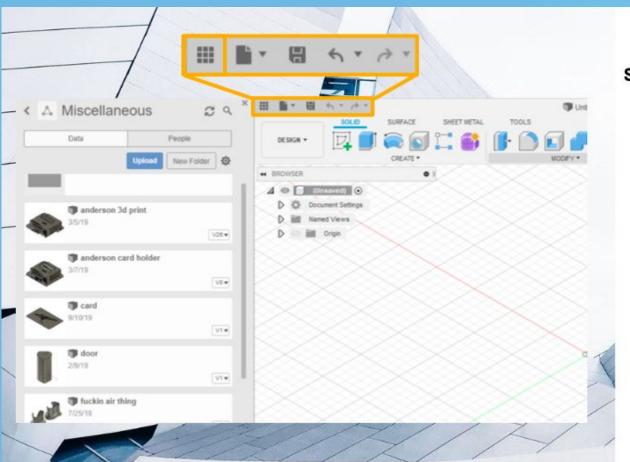
#### Step 3: Round the edges

- Right-click an empty area on the canvas and select Press Pull
- Hold left-click and drag to window select the entire box
- Click the edges of the hole (top and bottom) to deselect
- 1. Set radius to 8 mm
- Click OK.



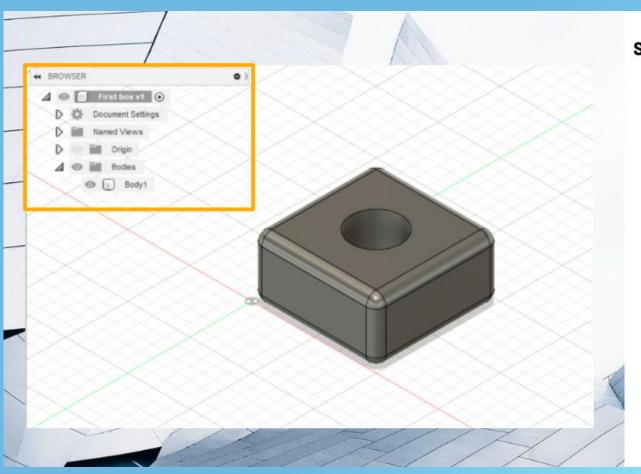
#### Step 4: Save your design

- Click the save icon to save the current design
- Enter My first box in the Name field
- Set the save location to <your name>'s First Project
- Click Save



Step 5: Access the Data Panel

- Click the Left-most icon to display the Data Panel
- The active project is displayed at the top. Thumbnails of all designs in the project are listed
- All data is stored in A360 in the cloud
- Click the icon again to hide the Data Panel



#### Step 6: Use the Browser

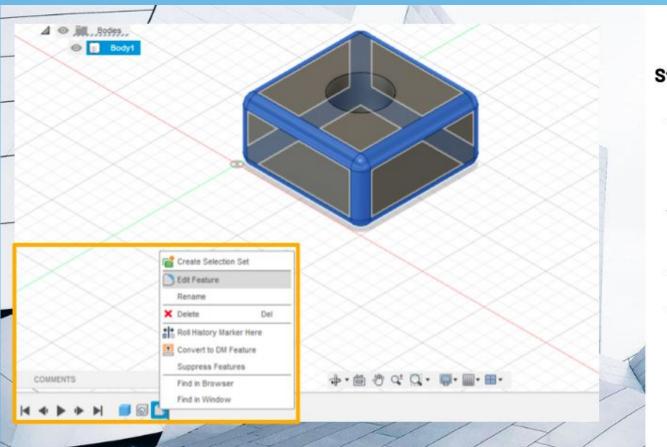
- Click the eye next to Origin to display the XYZ planes
- Click the eye again to hide the planes
- Click the arrow next to Bodies in the browser to show all objects in the current project.



Hidden



Visible

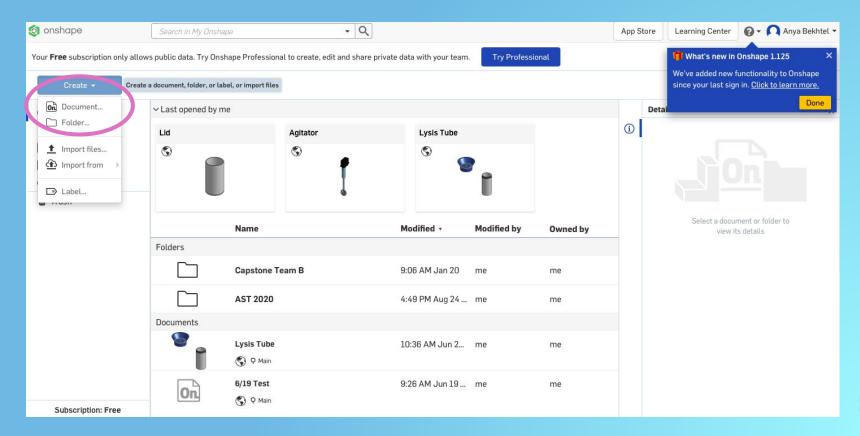


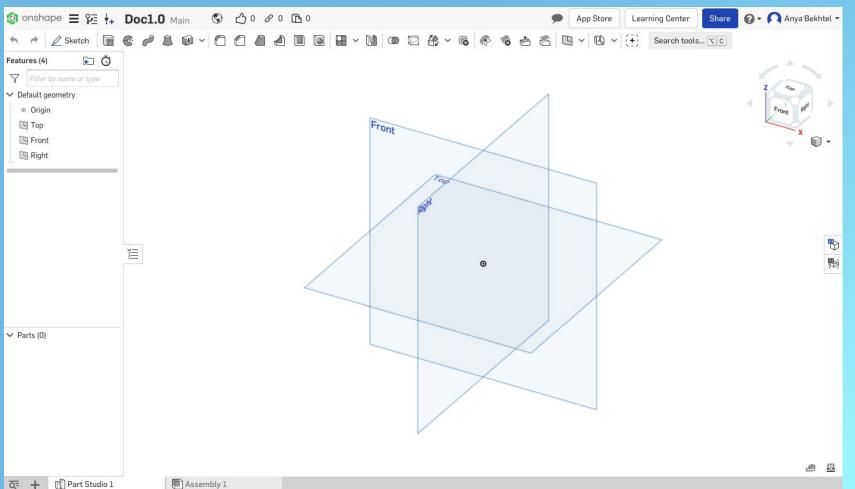
#### Step 7: Use the Timeline

- Click the play button to replay all operations in the current design
- Right-click the fillet operation on the timeline
- 1. Click edit feature
- Change the radius to 5 mm and click OK

# A LOOK AT ON SHAPE

## Create a New Document





# QUESTIONS?



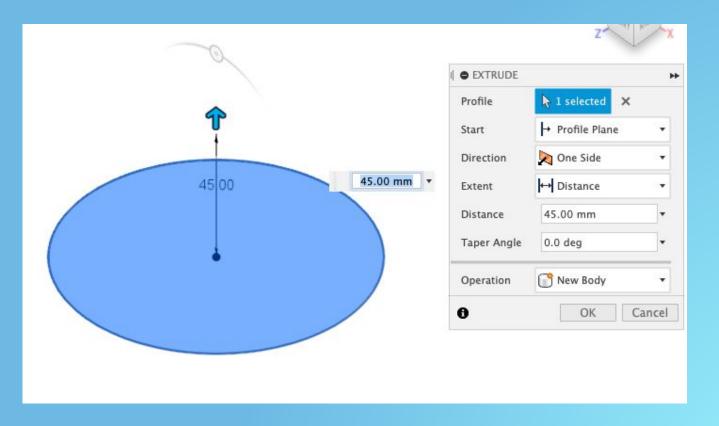
# **QUESTIONS?**

Specific things you want in your design?

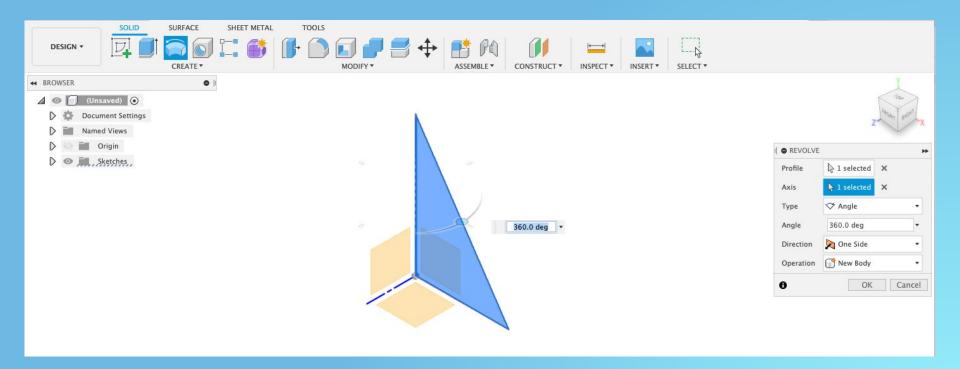
## Commands We Can Also Go Over

- □ Extrude → making a cylinder
- □ Revolve → making a cone
- □ Thread → making threading for screws
- □ Appearances → making things look like real objects

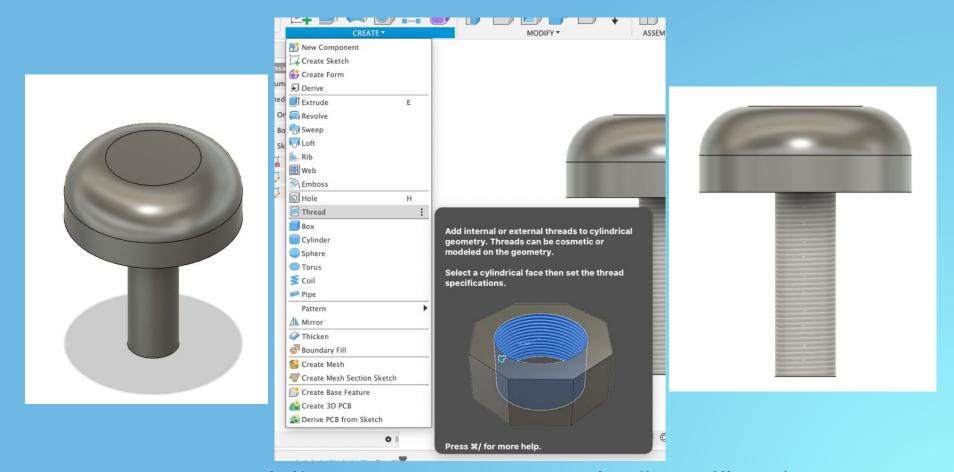
# AUTODESK SUPPLEMENTARY



Sketch on top plane → center point circle → smart dimension to size you want → exit sketch → right click to press pull into cylinder

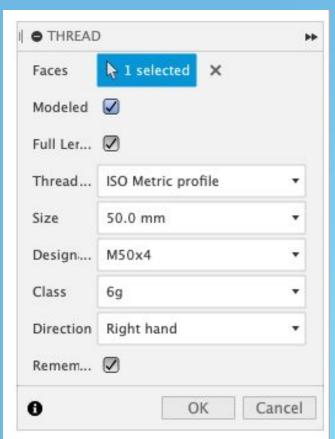


Sketch on front plane  $\rightarrow$  two point rectangle  $\rightarrow$  smart dimension to size you want  $\rightarrow$  diagonal line on rectangle  $\rightarrow$  trim two additional rectangle lines  $\rightarrow$  exit sketch  $\rightarrow$  revolve triangle about center axis to make cone



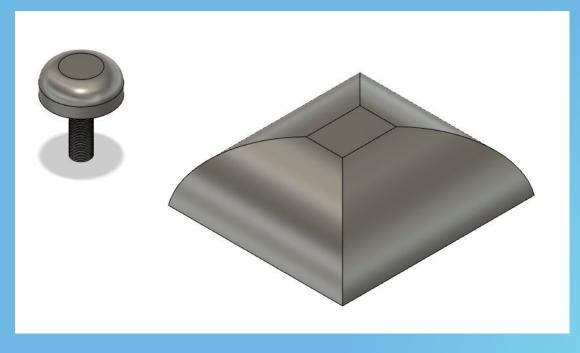
For modeling purposes: can use the "tread" tool

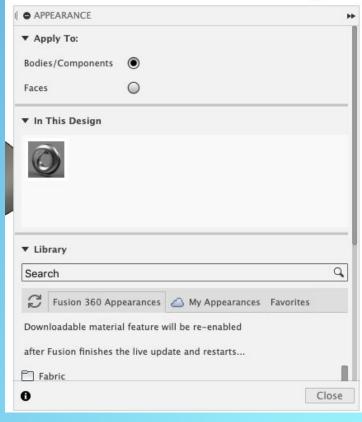




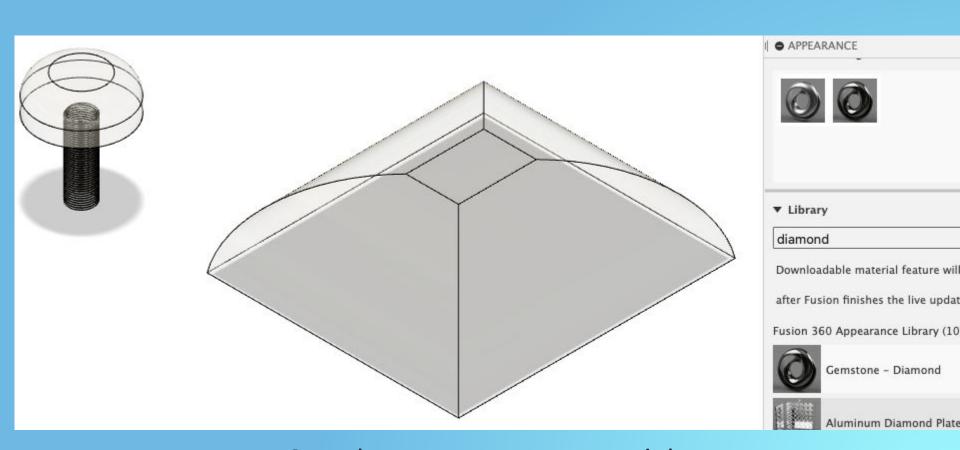


When printing: make sure "modeled" box is checked

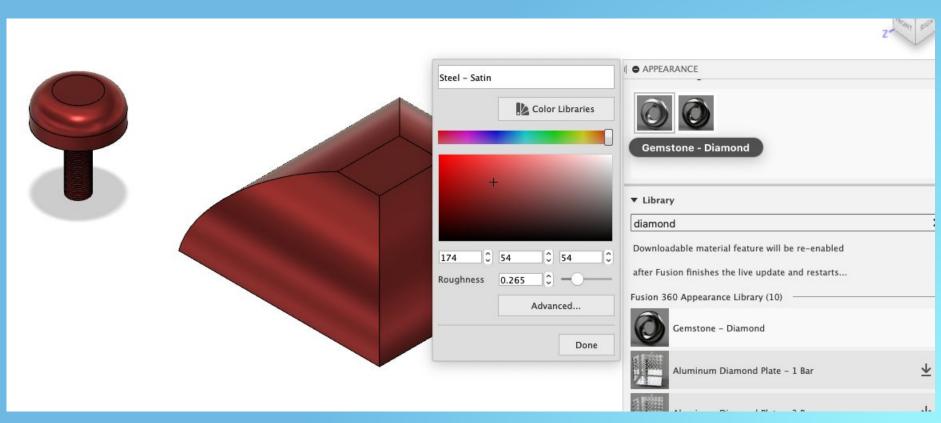




When printing: make sure "modeled" box is checked



Can change your part material



Can also change your part color!